

Exercise 1

It is required to perform the recording of the following business operations in double-entry accounting system through:

- the financial and economic changes;
- the ledger accounts, and;
- the corresponding entries in the journal.

The operations are reported below:

- a. On January 7, the company purchases goods for € 300 plus VAT. The supplier gives a discount on purchases for an amount of 15% of the purchase price. The settlement is by the bank after 30 days.
- b. On February 8, the company sold a plant with a historical value of € 1.000 and an accumulated depreciation of € 400. The sale price is € 800. The settlement is by the bank after 30 days.
- c. On March 15, at the maturity of a promissory note receivable of € 600, a 3-month extension for payment is granted through the total renewal of the note, with the payment of the related deferred interest. The interest is set at a rate of 15%, and the settlement is by the bank;
- d. The periodic VAT settlement is recorded on May 16 (including transactions by January – February – March). The settlement is by bank.

It is required to perform the recording of the following depreciation, integrative, adjusting and closing entries in the double-entry accounting system:

- e. Receivable deemed uncollectible: €700;
- f. On October 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 6 months, with a total rent of € 4,800. The rent is paid at the beginning of the rental period;
- g. Final inventory of goods: €500;
- h. A loan of €10,000 is taken out, with deferred interest at 10% paid semi-annually on April 1 and October 1.

SOLUTION

a.

Purchase of goods		Purchase discounts		Input VAT		Accounts payables	
NEC		PEC		PFC		NFC	
+COSTS		-COSTS		+CREDITS		+ DEBITS	
300,00		45,00		56,10		311,10	
				(22% of 255,00)			

NEGATIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

POSITIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

POSITIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

NEGATIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Jan.7			
Others	to	Others		356,10
Purchase of goods			300,00	
Input VAT			56,10	
		Accounts payables	311,10	
		Purchase discounts	45,00	

Bank		Accounts payables	
NFC		PFC	
-CASH		- DEBITS	
311,10		311,10	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Feb.6			
Accounts payables	to	Bank		311,10

b.

Book value= Historical value – Accumulated Depreciation= 1.000-400=600
Capital Gain= Sale Price -Book Value= 800-600=200

Accounts receivables	Capital Gain	Output VAT	Plant
PFC	PEC	NFC	PEC
+CREDITS	+REVENUES	+DEBITS	-COSTS
976,00	200,00	176,00 (22% of 800,00)	600,00
POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES	NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Feb.8			
Accounts receivables	to Others		976,00
	Plant	600,00	
	Capital Gain	200,00	
	Output VAT	176,00	

Accounts receivables	Bank
NFC	PFC
- CREDITS	+CASH
976,00	976,00

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Mar.10			
Bank	to Accounts receivables		976,00

c.

$$I = (600 * 15 * 3) / 1200 = 22,50$$

Accounts receivables	Interest income
PFC	PEC
+ CREDITS	+REVENUES
22,50	22,50

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

Left side	Mar.15		Right side	Partial	Total
Accounts receivables	to		Interest Income		22,50

Accounts receivables		Previous note receivables		New note receivables	
NFC		NFC		PFC	
-CREDITS		-CREDITS		+CREDITS	
22,50		600,00		622,50	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL

CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Mar.15		Right side	Partial	Total
New note receivables	To		Others		622,50
			Previous note receivables	600,00	
			Accounts receivables	22,50	

Bank		New note receivables	
PFC		NFC	
+CASH		-CREDITS	
622,50		622,50	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Jun.15		Right side	Partial	Total
Bank	to		New note receivables		622,50

d.

Treasury account VAT		Input VAT	
PFC		NFC	
+CREDITS		-CREDITS	
56,10		56,10	

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Input VAT		56,10

Treasury account VAT		Output VAT	
NFC		PFC	
+DEBITS		-DEBITS	
176,00		176,00	

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Output VAT	to	Treasury account VAT		176,00

Treasury account VAT		Bank	
56,10		NFC	
	176,00	-CASH	
119,90		119,90	
PFC			
-DEBITS			

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Bank		119,90

e.

		Dec. 31		
Derecognition of receivables	to	Accounts receivables		700,00
Income Statement	to	Derecognition of receivables		700,00

f.

Deferred Income= (4,800*3)/6=2.400

		Dec. 31		
Rental income	To	Deferred Income		2.400,00
Rental income	to	Income Statement		2.400,00

g.

		Dec. 31		
Goods	to	Purchase of Goods		500,00
Purchase of Goods	to	Income Statement		500,00

h.

Interest expense= $(10.000 \cdot 10\% \cdot 6) / 1.200 = 500$

Accrued expense= $(500 \cdot 3) / 6 = 250$

	Dec. 31		
Interest expense	to	Accrued expense	250,00
Income Statement	to	Interest expense	250,00

Exercise 2

It is required to perform the recording of the following business operations in double-entry accounting system through:

- the financial and economic changes;
- the ledger accounts, and;
- the corresponding entries in the journal.

The operations are reported below:

- a. On January 5, the company purchases goods for € 400 plus VAT, with transport costs amounting to 15% of the purchase price, also subject to VAT. The settlement is by cash after 30 days;
- b. On February 10, the company sells goods for € 900 plus VAT. There are sales allowances for 10%. The settlement is by cash after 30 days;
- c. On March 15, at the maturity of a promissory note receivable of € 1,500, a 2-month extension for payment is granted through the total renewal of the note, with the payment of the related interest in advance. The interest is set at a rate of 18%, and the settlement is by the bank;
- d. The periodic VAT settlement is recorded on May 16 (including transactions by January – February – March). The settlement is by bank.

It is required to perform the recording of the following depreciation, integrative, adjusting and closing entries in the double-entry accounting system:

- e. Depreciation expense of equipment: book value of € 4,800; useful life of 8 years;
- f. On June 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 12 months, with a total rent of € 9,600. The rent is paid at the end of the rental period;
- g. Interest income: €450;
- h. A loan of €15,000 is taken out, with interest at 15% paid in advance on September 1.

SOLUTION

a.

Purchase of goods	Transport costs	Input VAT	Accounts payables
NEC	NEC	PFC	NFC
+COSTS	+COSTS	+CREDITS	+ DEBITS
400,00	60,00	101,20 (22% of 460,00)	561,20

NEGATIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

NEGATIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

POSITIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

NEGATIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Jan.5		
Others	to Accounts payables		561,20
Purchase of goods		400,00	
Transport costs		60,00	
Input VAT		101,20	

Cash	Accounts payables
NFC	PFC
-CASH	- DEBITS
561,20	561,20

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Feb.5		
Accounts payables	to Cash		561,20

b.

Accounts receivables	Sales allowances	Output VAT	Sale of goods
PFC	NEC	NFC	PEC
+CREDITS	- REVENUES	+DEBITS	+ REVENUES
988,20	90,00	178,20	900,00

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES	(22% of 810,00) NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES
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Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Feb. 10		
Others	to	Others	1.078,20
Accounts receivables		988,20	
Sales allowances		90,00	
	Sale of goods	900,00	
	Output VAT	178,20	

Accounts receivables	Cash
NFC	PFC
-	
CREDITS	+CASH
988,20	988,20

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Mar. 12		
Cash	to	Accounts receivables	988,20

c.

$$I = (1,500 * 18 * 2) / 1200 = 45,00$$

Accounts receivables	Interest income
PFC	PEC
+ CREDITS	+REVENUES
45,00	45,00

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar. 15			
Accounts receivables	to	Interest Income		45,00

Accounts receivables		Bank	
NFC		PFC	
-CREDITS		+CASH	
45,00		45,00	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar. 15			
Bank	to	Accounts receivables		45,00

New note receivables		Previous note receivables	
PFC		NFC	
+CREDITS		-CREDITS	
1.500,00		1.500,00	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar. 15			
New note receivables	to	Previous note receivables		1.500,00

Bank		New note receivables	
PFC		NFC	
+CASH		-CREDITS	
1.500,00		1.500,00	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May. 15			
Bank	to	New note receivables		1.500,00

d.

Treasury account VAT	
PFC	
+CREDITS	
101,20	

Input VAT	
NFC	
-CREDITS	
101,20	

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to Input VAT		101,20

Treasury account VAT		Output VAT	
NFC		PFC	
+DEBITS		-DEBITS	
178,20		178,20	

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
May.16			
Output VAT	to Treasury account VAT		178,20

Treasury account VAT	
101,20	178,20
77,00	
PFC	
-DEBITS	

Bank	
NFC	
-CASH	
77,00	

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to Bank		77,00

e.

		Dec. 31		
Equipment Depreciation Expense	to	Equipment		600,00
		Equipment Depreciation		
Income Statement	to	Expense		600,00

Depreciation Expense = Book Value / Useful Life=4.800/8=600

f.

9.600:12=x:7 Accrued income=(9.600*7)/12=5.600

	Dec. 31		
Accrued income	to	Rental income	5.600,00
Rental income	to	Income Statement	5.600,00

g.

	Dec. 31		
Bank	a	Interest income	450,00
Interest income	a	Income Statement	450,00

h.

Interest Expense= $(15.000 \cdot 15) / 100 = 2.250$

Deferred Expense= $(2.250 \cdot 8) / 12 = 1.500$

	Dec. 31		
Deferred Expense	To	Interest Expense	1.500,00
Income Statement	to	Interest Expense	750,00

Exercise 3

It is required to perform the recording of the following business operations in double-entry accounting system through:

- the financial and economic changes;
- the ledger accounts, and;
- the corresponding entries in the journal.

The operations are reported below:

- a. On January 10, the company purchases a plant for € 2,000 plus VAT. The settlement is by the bank after one month;
- b. On February 10, the company sales goods for € 1,200 plus VAT. The settlement is fixed on 10 March by the bank. On the date of settlement, there are returns on sales for € 100 because the goods are damaged.
- c. On March 12, at the maturity of a promissory note payable of € 900, a 3-month extension for payment is obtained through the total renewal of the note, with the payment of the related deferred interest. The interest is set at a rate of 10% and the settlement is by the bank;
- d. The periodic VAT settlement is recorded on May 16 (including transactions by January – February – March). The settlement is by bank.

It is required to perform the recording of the following depreciation, integrative, adjusting and closing entries in the double-entry accounting system:

- e. Interest expense: €900;
- f. On October 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 12 months, with a total rent of € 6,600. The rent is paid at the end of the rental period;
- g. Provision for the tax risk: €1,200;
- h. On August 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 8 months, with a total rent of € 2,400. The rent is paid at the beginning of the rental period;

SOLUTION

a.

Plant	Input VAT	Accounts payables
NEC +COSTS 2.000,00	PFC +CREDITS 440,00 (22% of 2.000,00)	NFC + DEBITS 2.440,00

NEGATIVE
ECONOMIC CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Jan.10	to		
Others	Accounts payables		2.440,00
Plant		2.000,00	
Input VAT		440,00	

Bank	Accounts payables
NFC -CASH 2.440,00	PFC - DEBITS 2.440,00

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Feb.10	to		
Accounts payables	Bank		2.440,00

b.

Accounts receivables	Output VAT	Sale of goods
PFC +CREDITS 1.464,00	NFC +DEBITS 264,00 (22% of 1.200,00)	PEC + REVENUES 1.200,00

POSITIVE FINANCIAL

CHANGES
CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES POSITIVE ECONOMIC

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Feb.10			
Accounts receivables	to	Others		1.464,00
		Sale of goods	1.200,00	
		Output VAT	264,00	

Accounts receivables		Output VAT	Sales Returns	
NFC		PFC		NEC
-				-
CREDITS		-DEBITS		REVENUES
122,00		22,00		100,00
		(22% of		
		100,00)		

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL

CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar.10			
Others	to	Accounts receivables		122,00
Sales Returns			100,00	
Output VAT			22,00	

Accounts receivables	Bank
NFC	PFC
-CREDITS	+CASH
1.342,00	1.342,00

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar.10			
Bank	To	Accounts receivables		1.342,00

c.

$$I = (900 * 10 * 3) / 1200 = 22,50$$

Interest expense	Accounts payables
NEC	NFC
+ COSTS	+DEBITS
22,50	22,50

NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Mar.12	Right side	Partial	Total
Interest expense	to	Accounts payables		22,50

New note payables		Previous note payables		Accounts payables	
NFC		PFC		PFC	
+DEBITS		-DEBITS		-DEBITS	
922,50		900,00		22,50	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL

CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Mar.12	Right side	Partial	Total
Others	to	New note payables		922,50
Previous note payables			900,00	
Accounts payables			22,50	

New note payables		Bank	
PFC		NFC	
-DEBITS		-CASH	
922,50		922,50	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Jun.12	Right side	Partial	Total
New note payables	to	Bank		922,50

d.

Treasury account VAT		Input VAT	
PFC		NFC	
+CREDITS		-CREDITS	
440,00		440,00	

	Dec. 31		
Rental income	To	Deferred Income	900,00
Rental income	to	Income Statement	1.500,00

Exercise 4

It is required to perform the recording of the following business operations in double-entry accounting system through:

- the financial and economic changes;
- the ledger accounts, and;
- the corresponding entries in the journal.

The operations are reported below:

- a. On January 20, the company purchases goods for € 800 plus VAT, with transport costs amounting to 10% of the purchase price, also subject to VAT. The settlement is by the bank after 30 days;
- b. On February 25, the company sold equipment with a historical value of € 1.500 and accumulated depreciation of € 300. The sale price is € 1.000. The settlement is by the bank after 30 days.
- c. On March 30, at the maturity of a promissory note payable of € 550, a 2-month extension for payment is obtained through the total renewal of the note, with the payment of the related interest in advance. The interest is set at a rate of 20% and the settlement is by the bank.
- d. The periodic VAT settlement is recorded on May 16 (including transactions by January – February – March). The settlement is by bank.

It is required to perform the recording of the following depreciation, integrative, adjusting and closing entries in the double-entry accounting system:

- e. Invoice to be issued: €1,150;
- f. Provision for the scheduled maintenance: €600;
- g. A loan of €12,000 is taken out, with semi-annual interest at 20% paid in advance on May 1 and November 1;
- h. On December 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 6 months, with a total rent of € 1,800. The rent is paid at the beginning of the rental period;

SOLUTION

a.

Purchase of goods		Transport costs		Input VAT		Accounts payables	
NEC		NEC		PFC		NFC	
+COSTS		+COSTS		+CREDITS		+ DEBITS	
800,00		80,00		193,60		1.073,60	
				(22% of 880,00)			
NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES		NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES		POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES		NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Jan.20		
Others	to Accounts payables		1.073,60
Purchase of goods		800,00	
Transport costs		80,00	
Input VAT		193,60	

Bank	Accounts payables
NFC	PFC
-CASH	- DEBITS
1.073,60	1.073,60

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Feb.19		
Accounts payables	to Bank		1.073,60

b.

Book value= Historical value – Accumulated Depreciation= 1,500-300=1,200

Capital Loss= Book Value – Sale Price= 1,200-1,000=200

Accounts receivables		Capital Loss		Output VAT		Equipment	
PFC		NEC			NFC		PEC
+CREDITS		-			+DEBITS		-COSTS
244,00		REVENUES			220,00		1,200,00
		200,00			(22% of		
					1,000,00)		
POSITIVE					NEGATIVE		POSITIVE
FINANCIAL					FINANCIAL		ECONOMIC
CHANGES					CHANGES		CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Feb.25		
Others	to Others		1.420,00
Accounts receivables		1.220,00	
Capital Loss		200,00	
	Equipment	1,200,00	
	Output VAT	220,00	

Accounts receivables		Bank	
NFC		PFC	
-		+CASH	
CREDITS		1.220,00	
1.220,00			

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Mar.27		
Bank	to Accounts receivables		1.220,00

c.

$$I = (550 * 20 * 2) / 1200 = 18,33$$

Interest expense		Accounts payables	
NEC		NFC	
+ COSTS		+DEBITS	
18,33		18,33	

NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	Mar.30			
Interest expense	to	Accounts payables		18,33

Bank		Accounts payables	
NFC		PFC	
-CASH		-DEBITS	
18,33		18,33	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	Mar.30			
Accounts payables	to	Bank		18,33

Previous note payables		New note payables	
PFC		NFC	
-DEBITS		+DEBITS	
5500,00		550,00	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	Mar.30			
Previous note payables	to	New note payables		550,00

New note payables		Bank	
PFC		NFC	
-DEBITS		-CASH	
550,00		550,00	

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	May.30			
New note payables	to	Bank		550,00

d.

Treasury account VAT		Input VAT	
PFC		NFC	
+CREDITS		-CREDITS	
193,60		193,60	

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Input VAT		193,60

Treasury account VAT		Output VAT	
NFC		PFC	
+DEBITS		-DEBITS	
220,00		220,00	

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	May.16			
Output VAT	to	Treasury account VAT		220,00

Treasury account VAT		Bank	
193,60		NFC	
	220,00	-CASH	
26,40		26,40	
PFC			
-DEBITS			

Left side		Right side	Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Bank		26,40

e.

	Dec. 31		
Invoice to be issued	to	Sale of goods	1.150,00
Sale of goods	to	Income Statement	1.150,00

f.

	Dec. 31		
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Provision for future expenses		to	Scheduled maintenance provision		600,00
Income Statement		to	Provision for future expenses		600,00

g.

Interest Expense= $(12.000 \cdot 6 \cdot 20) / 1.200 = 1.200$

Deferred Expense= $(1.200 \cdot 4) / 6 =$

		Dec. 31			
Deferred Expense		To	Interest Expense		800,00
Income Statement		to	Interest Expense		400,00

h.

$1,800 : 6 = x : 5$ Deferred Income= $(1.800 \cdot 5) / 6 = 1.500$

		Dec. 31			
Rental income		To	Deferred Income		1,500,00
Rental income		to	Income Statement		300,00

Exercise 5

It is required to perform the recording of the following business operations in double-entry accounting system through:

- the financial and economic changes;
- the ledger accounts, and;
- the corresponding entries in the journal.

The operations are reported below:

- a. On January 8, the company purchases goods for € 500 plus VAT. The supplier gives a discount on purchases for an amount of 12% of the purchase price. The settlement is by the bank after 30 days;
- b. On February 11, the company sells goods for € 850 plus VAT. There are sales allowances for 10%. The settlement is by cash after 30 days;
- c. On March 15, at the maturity of a promissory note receivable of € 700, a 2-month extension for payment is granted through the total renewal of the note, with the payment of the related deferred interest. The interest is set at a rate of 15%, and the settlement is by the bank;
- d. The periodic VAT settlement is recorded on May 16 (including transactions by January – February – March). The settlement is by bank.

It is required to perform the recording of the following depreciation, integrative, adjusting and closing entries in the double-entry accounting system:

- e. A loan of € 22,000 is taken out, with deferred interest at 10% paid semi-annually on May 1 and November 1;
- f. Annual provision for Employee Severance Indemnity: €1,800;
- g. Invoice to be received: € 900;
- h. On September 1, a building is rented out to third parties for 9 months, with a total rent of € 3,150. The rent is paid at the end of the rental period.

SOLUTION

a.

Purchase of goods		Purchase discounts		Input VAT		Accounts payables	
NEC		PEC		PFC		NFC	
+COSTS		-COSTS		+CREDITS		+ DEBITS	
500,00		60,00		96,80		536,80	
				(22% of 440,00)			

NEGATIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

POSITIVE
ECONOMIC
CHANGES

POSITIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

NEGATIVE
FINANCIAL
CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Jan.8		
Others	to Others		596,80
Purchase of goods		500,00	
Input VAT		96,80	
	Accounts payables	536,80	
	Purchase discounts	60,00	

Bank		Accounts payables	
NFC		PFC	
-CASH		- DEBITS	
536,80		536,80	

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
	Feb.7		
Accounts payables	to Bank		536,80

b.

Accounts receivables		Sales allowances		Output VAT		Sale of goods	
PFC		NEC		NFC		PEC	
+CREDITS		-		+DEBITS		+ REVENUES	
933,30		REVENUES		168,30		850,00	
		85,00					

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES	(22% of 765,00) NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES	POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES
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Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Feb. 11			
Others	to	Others	1.018,30
Accounts receivables		933,30	
Sales allowances		85,00	
	Sale of goods	850,00	
	Output VAT	168,30	

Accounts receivables	Cash
NFC	PFC
-	
CREDITS	+CASH
933,30	933,30

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Mar. 13			
Cash	to	Accounts receivables	933,30

c.

$I=(700*15*2)/1200=17,50$

Accounts receivables	Interest income
PFC	PEC
+ CREDITS	+REVENUES
17,50	17,50

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES POSITIVE ECONOMIC CHANGES

Left side	Right side	Partial	Total
Mar.15			
Accounts receivables	to	Interest Income	17,50

Accounts receivables		Previous note receivables		New note receivables	
	NFC		NFC		PFC
	-CREDITS		-CREDITS		+CREDITS
	17,50		700,00		717,50

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL

CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	Mar.15			
New note receivables	To	Others		717,50
		Previous note receivables	700,00	
		Accounts receivables	17,50	

Bank		New note receivables	
	PFC		NFC
	+CASH		-CREDITS
	717,50		717,50

POSITIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

NEGATIVE FINANCIAL CHANGES

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.15			
Bank	to	New note receivables		717,50

d.

Treasury account VAT		Input VAT	
	PFC		NFC
	+CREDITS		-CREDITS
	96,80		96,80

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Input VAT		96,80

Treasury account VAT		Output VAT	
	NFC		PFC
	+DEBITS		-DEBITS
	168,30		168,30

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Output VAT	to	Treasury account VAT		168,30

Treasury account VAT		Bank	
96,80			NFC
	168,30		-CASH
71,50			71,50
PFC			
-DEBITS			

Left side	Right side		Partial	Total
	May.16			
Treasury account VAT	to	Bank		71,50

e.

$$\text{Interest expense} = (22.000 * 10 * 6) / 1.200 = 1.100$$

$$\text{Accrued expense} = (1.100 * 2) / 6 = 366,67$$

		Dec. 31		
Interest expense	to	Accrued expense		366,67
Income Statement	to	Interest expense		366,67

f.

		Dec. 31		
Provision for Employee severance indemnity	to	Employee severance indemnity		1.800,00
Income Statement	to	Provision for Employee severance indemnity		1.800,00

g.

		Dec. 31		
Purchase of goods	to	Invoice to be received		900,00
Income Statement	to	Purchase of goods		900,00

h.

$3.150:9=x:4$ Accrued income= $(3.150*4)/9=1.400$

	Dec. 31		
Accrued income	to	Rental income	1.400,00
Rental income	to	Income Statement	1.400,00